The DRD-method

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author of the book:

"Paleoseismicity of Sweden – a novel paradigm", 2003 and a large number of scientific papers

DRD

(Dry Roch Deposit)

an accessible, controllable storage in the bedrock surrounded by artificial fracturezones draining the repository

which harmonises

with

Environmental concern

Energy concern

Modern scientific knowledge

(our new geodynamic picture)

How to handle the highlevel nuclear waste

In view of

- (1) the seismic-paleoseismic data recorded
- (2) the observationally based "respect distances"

It seems very hard to find arguments

for a closed and final deposition in the bedrock
Instead, emerges a more attractive mode of deposition
in an accessible, controllable, retreivable deposit
in an artificially drained "Dry Rock Deposit"

The Swedish–Finnish KBS-3 concept is based on the following:

- (1) A very low seismicity
 maximum 1 magnitude 7 event in 100,000 years
- (2) A very short "safety distance" to regional faultlines only 50–100 m
- (3) Virtually no changes in the next 100,000 years

All these factors are challanged and shown to be wrong therefore, a new concept must be formulated this is the DRD-concept

What is a DRD repository?

- a "Dry Rock Deposit" in the bedrock
- where a rock unit is kept dry by artificial fracture zones
- a high relief area (hill, mountain) is selected
- the depth of deposition is set by the relief; some 50-300 m
- the repository is well sealed for unwanted intrusion
- still it remains accessible

for reparation, transmutation, further utilization

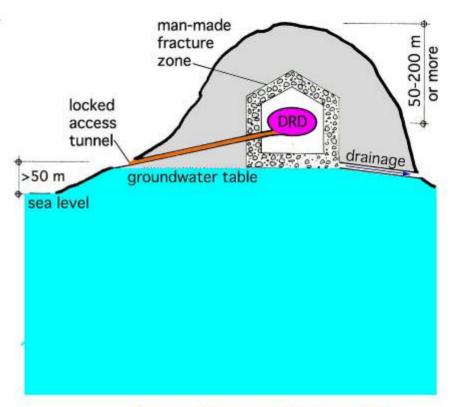
- it remains controllable
 - e.g. monitoring of radiation and corrosion
- the freedom of handling is sustained
- it is a significantly less expensive mode of bedrock deposit

NATURE - in this case the bedrock and its processes cannot be concured we have to learn its ruling processes and try to follow them - not cuncur them **TECHNOLOGY** (on the other hand) can always be improved and advanced here we can experience both hope and faith

This is the basic thinking behind the proposition of a dry and accessible DRD deposit instead of a wet and closed KBS repository

Dry Rock Deposit (DRD)

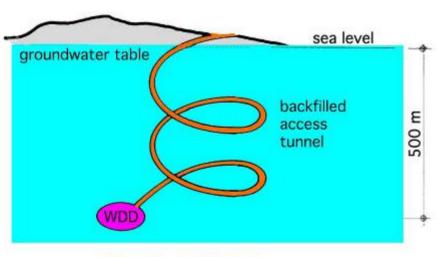
high relief area far above sea level



Accessible and Controllable

Wet Deep Disposal (WDD) of KBS-3 type

low relief area close to sea level



Closed and Final

Dry Rock Deposit argued in favour of Wet Deep Disposal

Björn Cronhjort & Nils-Axel Mörner

Radwaste Solutions May/June, 2004

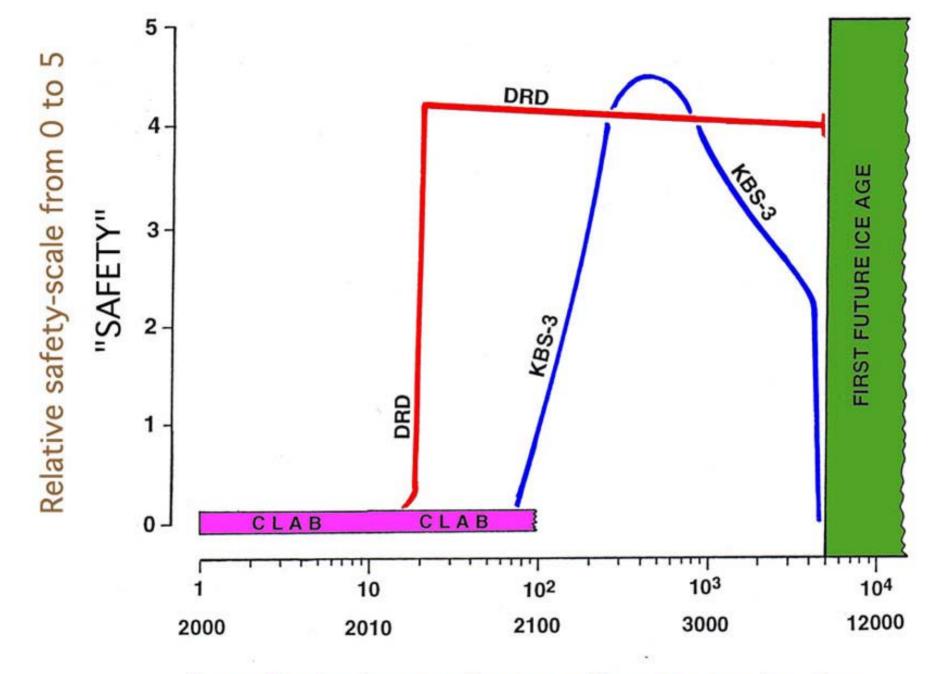
Comparison between alternative methods of disposal of high level nuclear waste in the bedrock

DRD - dry rock deposit according to our model

DOE - dry bedrock deposition in Yucca Mountain, USA

WDD - wet bedrock deposition according to the KBS-3 model

	DRD	DOE	WDD
Environment	dry	dry	wet
Depth (m)	50-200	300	500
Country	(SE)+	USA	SE-SF
Accessibilty	yes	yes	no
Monitoring	yes	yes	no
Retrievability	yes	maybe	no
Transmutation	yes	maybe	no
Duration (yrs)	up to next Ice Age	up to 10,000	100,000 or more



Logaritmic time-scale up to First Future Ice Age

CLAB (surface storage in water basins lacking security),
DRD (dry, accessible & controllable storage at 50–300 m depth)
KBS-3 (closed, final repository at 500 m depth)
SDB (super deep boreholes at 3–5 km depth)

CLAB	DRD	KBS-3	SDB	Parameters
surface 30-100 yrs no working	50-300 m to Ice Age ok rapid	500 m to Ice Age good 30-100 yrs	3-5 km no limit excellent 30-50 yrs	depth duration shielding time frame
yes	yes	no	no	accessibility
yes	yes	no	no	controllabliity
yes	yes	no	no	transmutation
yes	yes	no	no	future energy
great	small	large	low?	burden
very bad	good	bad	good	environment

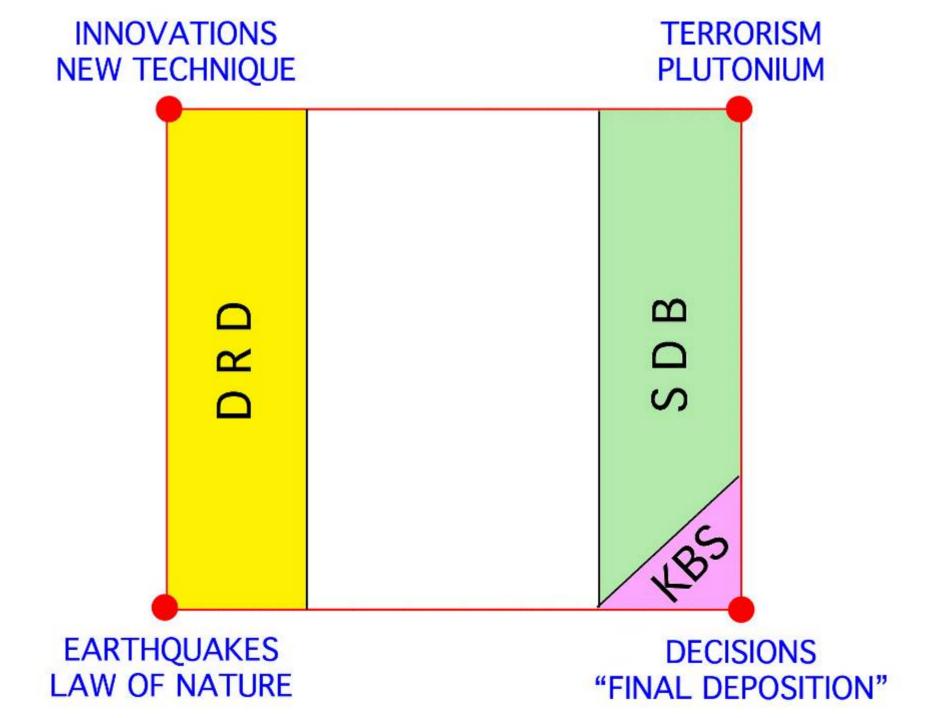
Threat:	CLAB	KBS-3	DRD	SDB
Earthquakes	0	0	3	1
Terrorism	0	2	1	3
Leakage	0	1-2	2	3
Innovations	0	0	3	0
Freedom of action	0	(1)	3	0
Control	3	0	3	0
Coasts	0	0	3	0
organisation:	SKB	SKB	P&G	MKG

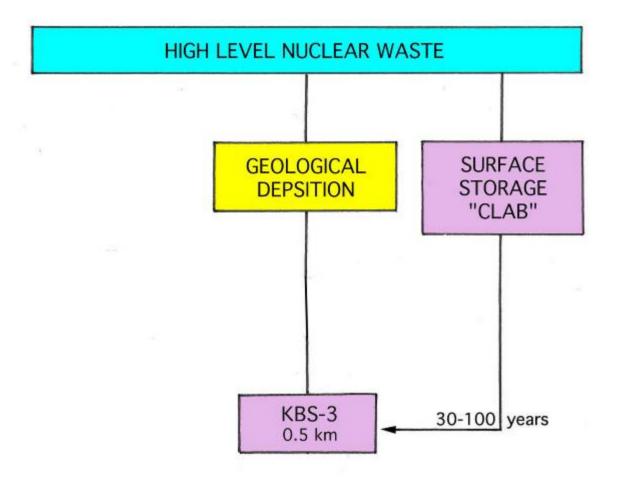
Most important question?	Best method?	
Intrusion & terrorism	SDB	
Freedom of action & New technique	DRD	
Final deposition – antiquated geodynamics	KBS-3	
Best avaiable storage – modern geodynamics	DRD	
Full safety for 100,000 years	None!	
Getting rid of CLAB (as soon as possible)	DRD	
Economy (installation costs)	DRD	

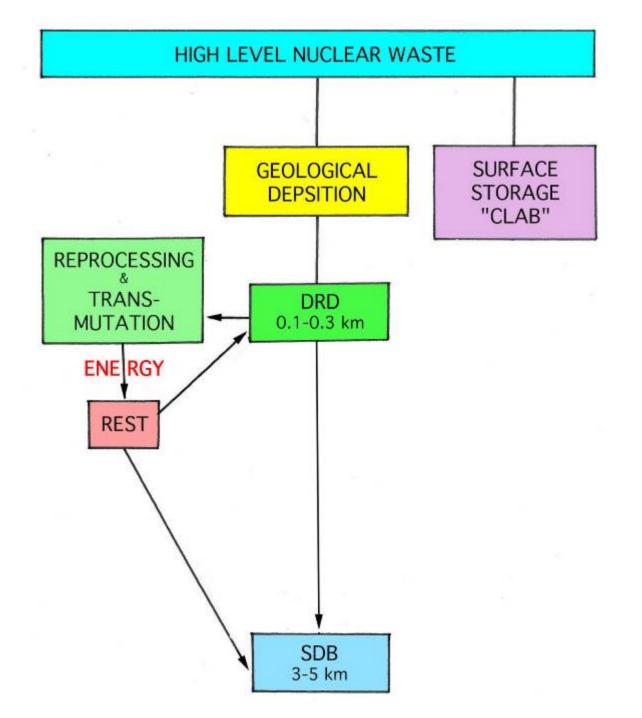
What is the aim of our handling?

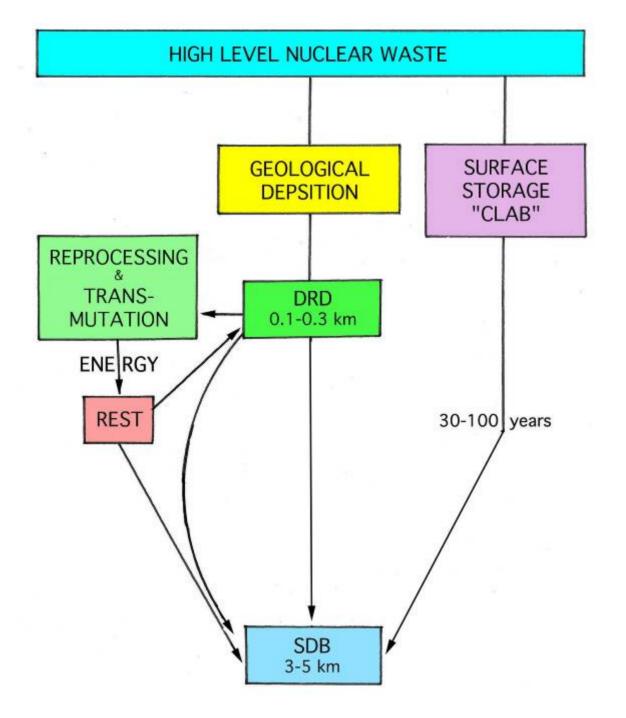
- "Final repository" in knowledge of 1978 KBS-3

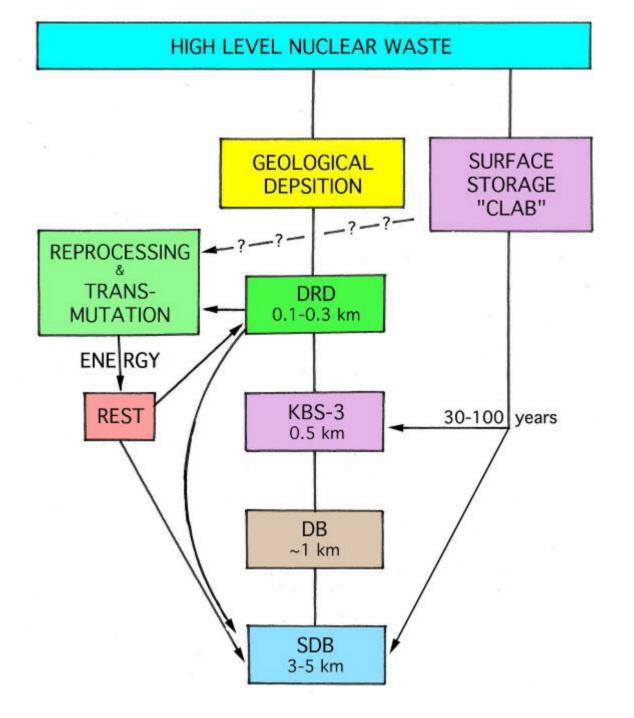
- "Best available storage" in today's knowledgeDRD

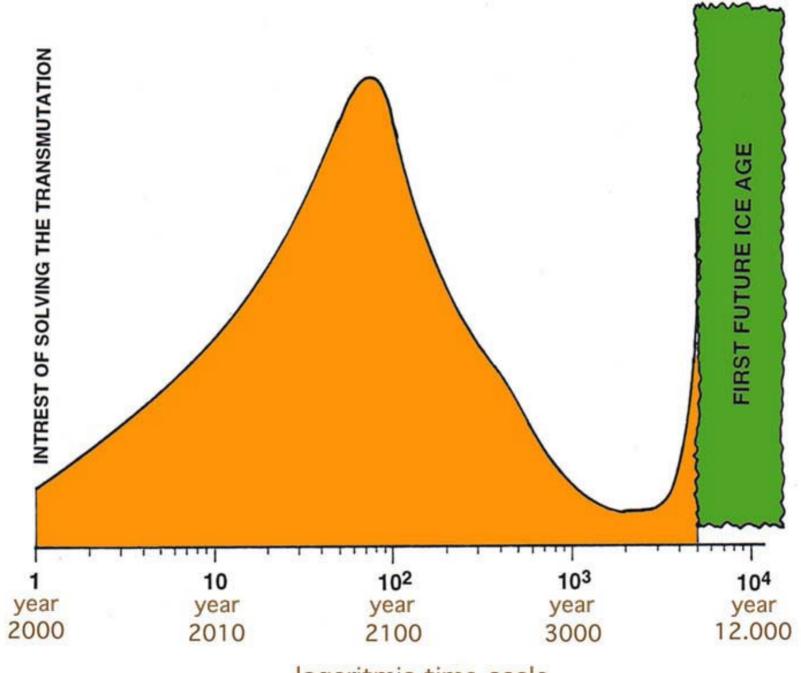






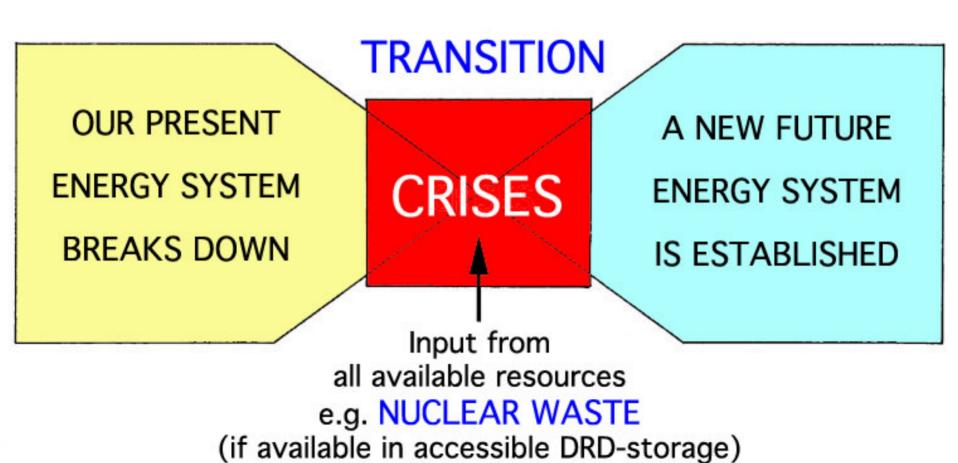


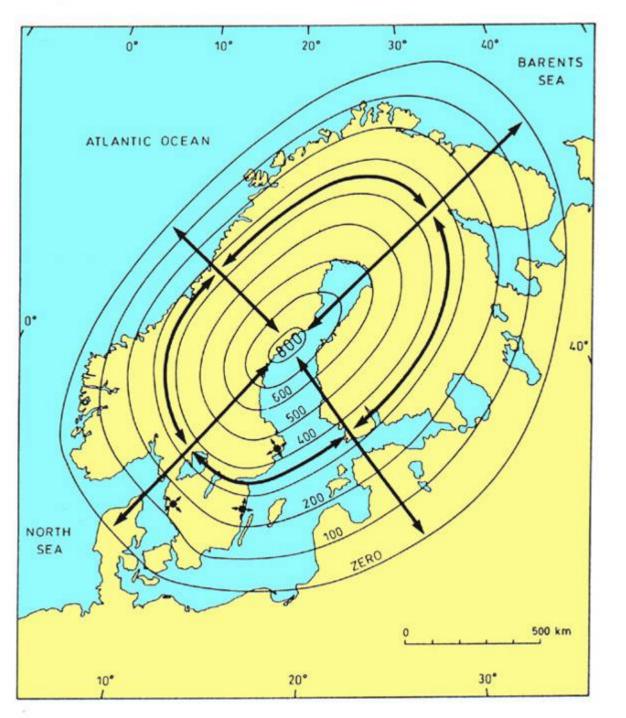




logaritmic time-scale

In 100, at the most 200, years we must be in a New Energy System
In the transition period, we will face a major CRISIS
when the Nuclear Waste may be our deliverance





After the Ice Age land has gone up by 800 m in the centre in Ångermanland and by 450 m at Stockholm

These movements (vertical & horizontel) made Sweden 9000-10,000 years BP

a

high-seismic area

With increasing time units, the maximum earthquake magnitude increases dramatically; from below 4.5 to well above 8.

Seismology	<100 years	<4.5
Historical data	last 600 years	<5.5
Late Holocene	last 5000 years	>6 to ~7
Deglacial phase	9–11 Ka BP	>>8

This implies that we can only achieve a meaningful long-term seismic hazard assessment, if the paleoseismic records of past earthquake events are included.

Seismic Hazard Prediction for the next 100,000 years

A: Blue box – based on seismic data only (SKB)

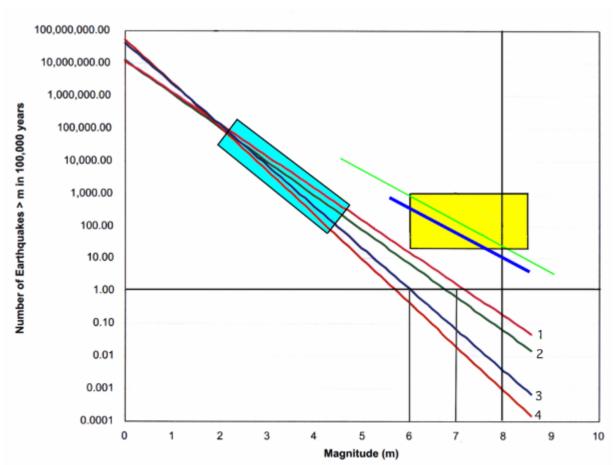
max 1 M 7 event in 100,000 years

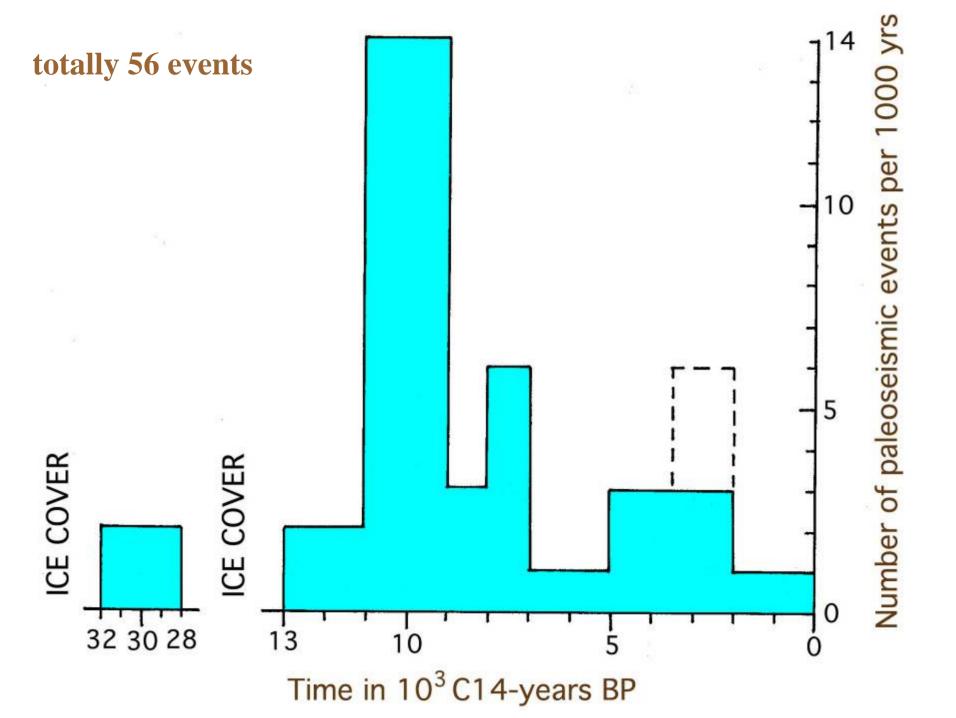
B: Yellow box – based on paleoseismic data (Mörner)

100–1000 M 7 events

~10 M 8 events

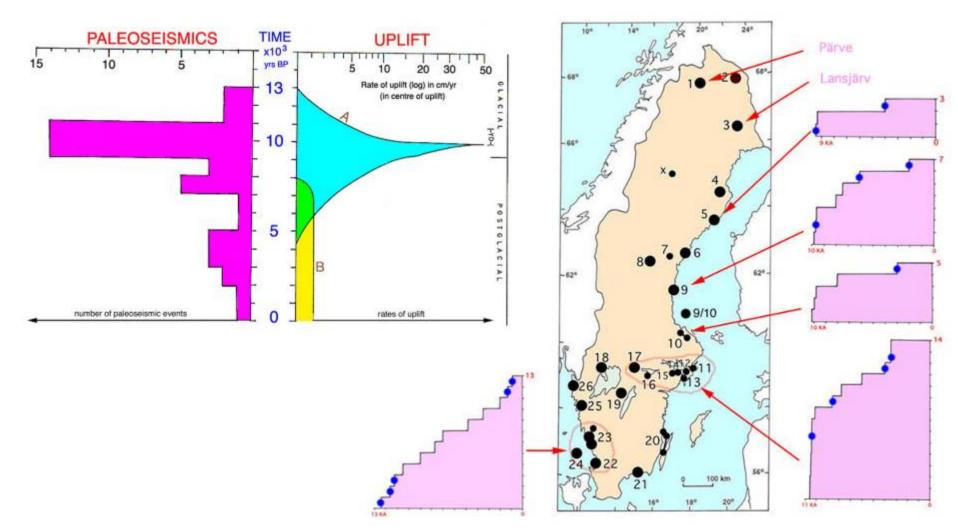
even some M ~9 events





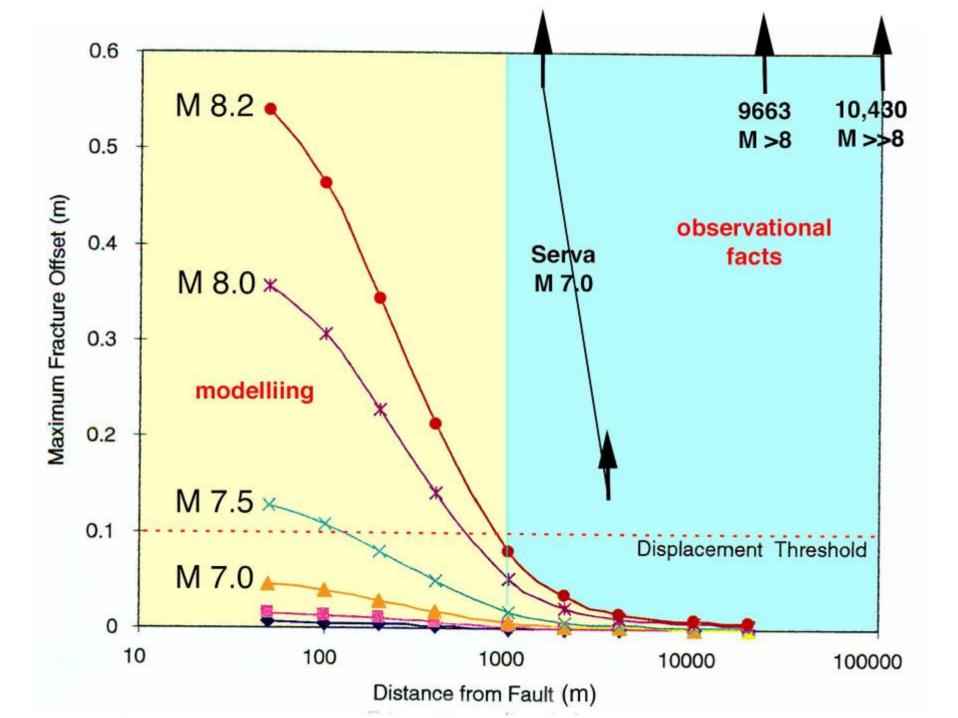
In recent years it has become obvious that the deglacial period was associated with violent earthquake activity; both the magnitude and the frequency of events were exceptionally high.

The Swedish Paleoseismic Catalogue includes **56** events, **16** of which were associated with **tsunami events**.

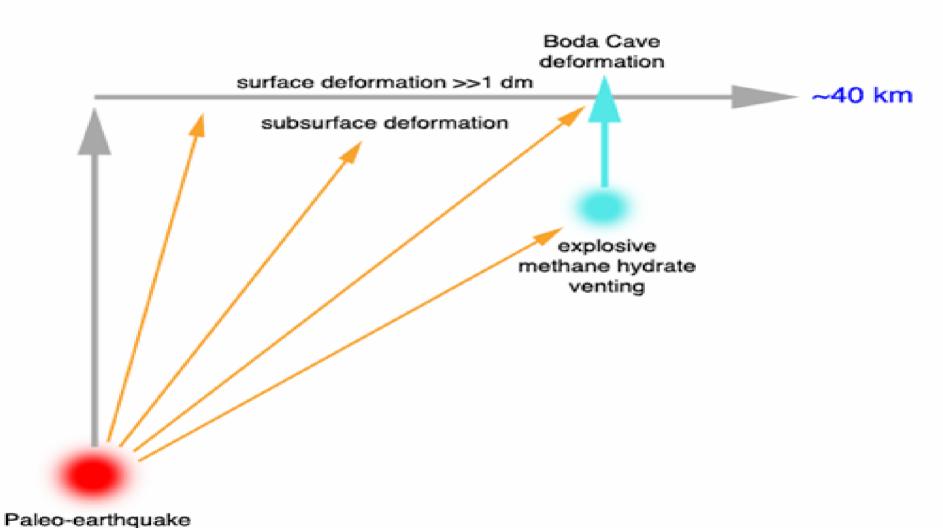


Distribution of paleoseismic events in Sweden (the 2004 Calalogue of 54 events) in magnitude groups per 1000 years

Time in yrs BP	M5-6	M6-7	M7-8	M>8	Total
>12000	_	1	_	1	2
11000-12000	-	-	2	-	2
10000-11000	-	9	4	1	14
9000-10000	2	5	4	3	14
8000-9000	_	2	1	-	3
7000-8000	2	4	_	_	6
6000-7000	_	_	_	1	1
5000-6000	_	_	1	_	1
4000-5000	_	2	1	_	3
3000-4000	_	1	2	_	3
2000-3000	_	2	1	_	3
1000-2000	1	_	_	_	1
<1000	-	-	1	-	1
total:	5	26	17	6	54



the 9663 vBP Boda-Hudiksvall paleoseismic event with interaction of seismic and methane venting deformation



Maybe nobler to deside the Handling after Reality than twist Reality after Expectations and Demands

"One should obey Nature more than People"

What is that?

If laws, regulations and instructions are found not to agree with Nature,

It is Nature and Observations that must count and the Laws and Regulations that have to be rewritten

References

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